LGBTQ+ HUNGER BY THE NUMBERS

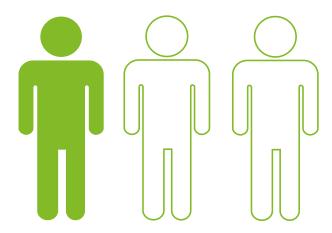
LGBTQ+
respondents
reported that they
or their family
received SNAP
benefits at more
than twice the rate
of non-LGBTQ+
respondents.

120%

LGBTQ+ young adults had a 120% higher risk of reporting homelessness compared to youth who identified as heterosexual and cisgender.

1 IN 4

27% of LGBTQ+ people experienced food insecurity in the past year. Women, people of color, young adults, and those with low incomes have particularly high rates of food insecurity.



34% of Black transgender people had a household income of less than \$10,000 per year — in addition to injustices that raise their likelihood of experiencing houselessness and food insecurity.

37% 32% 29% 35% Black (37%), Latinx (32%), American Indian (29%), and Pacific Islander (35%) LGBTQ+ people report particularly high rates of food insecurity, compared to White (22%) and Asian/Asian American (8%) LGBTQ+ people.

MORE THAN DOUBLE DID NOT HAVE ENOUGH FOOD

The percentage of LGBTQ+ people who did not have enough food to eat is more than double the food insecurity found in the general population.

Sources:

The Williams Institute and the National Center for Transgender Equality14, 2018 https://williamsinstitute.law.ucla.edu/press/lgbt-food-insecure-press-release/, 2020 https://www.hrc.org/blog/new-report-on-youth-homeless-affirms-that-lgbtq-youth-disproportionately-ex, 2017 https://www.sustained.kitchen/latest/2020/6/16/black-transgender-and-food-insecure

